

Chapter 3 Solutions

MATH 251, CALCULUS I, FALL 2018

Section 3.3

1. $f'(x) = x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x$

2. $f'(x) = \cos x - x \sin x + 2 \sec^2 x$

5. $y' = \sec \theta (\sec^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta)$

9. $y' = \frac{2 - \tan x + x \sec^2 x}{(2 - \tan x)^2}$

15. $f'(\theta) = \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) - \theta \sin^2 \theta + \theta \cos^2 \theta$

16. $f'(t) = e^t (\cot t + t \cot t - t \csc^2 t)$

19. $-\csc^2 x$

22. $y = x + 1.$

32. (a) $2 - \sqrt{3}$ (b) $\frac{1 - 2\sqrt{3}}{16}$

33. We need x such that $\cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$ so $x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi n.$

37. $5ft/rad.$

53. $A = -\frac{3}{10}$ $B = -\frac{1}{10}.$

Section 3.4

2. $\frac{4}{3\sqrt[3]{(1+4x)^2}}$

7. $F'(x) = 4(5x^6 + 2x^3)^3(30x^5 + 6x^2).$

15. $f'(t) = e^{bt}(b \cos bt + a \sin bt)$

17. $f'(x) = (2x - 3)^4 \cdot 5(x^2 + x + 1)^4(2x + 1) + (x^2 + x + 1)^5 \cdot 4(2x - 3)^3 \cdot 2$

22. $y' = 5\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^4 \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)$

23. $y' = (\sec^2 \theta)e^{\tan \theta}$

27. $r'(t) = \frac{\ln(10)10^{2\sqrt{t}}}{\sqrt{t}}$

35. $y' = -\sin\left(\frac{1-e^{2x}}{1+e^{2x}}\right) \cdot \frac{(1+e^{2x})(-2e^{2x}) - (1-e^{2x})(2e^{2x})}{(1+e^{2x})^2}$

36. $y' = e^{-1/x}(1 + 2x)$

40. $y' = 2 \cos 2x e^{\sin 2x} + 2e^{2x} \cos(e^{2x})$

47. $y' = -\sin \sin(3\theta) \cdot (\cos 3\theta \cdot 3)$ $y'' = -3[(\cos(3\theta) \cos \sin(3\theta)(\cos(3\theta) \cdot 3 + \sin(\sin(3\theta))(-\sin(3\theta) \cdot 3)]$

54. $y = x$.

63. (a) 30 (b) 36

79. $\frac{5\pi}{2} \cos(10\pi t)$ cm/s.