### Instructions:

The code submitted should be your own creation. You may consult MATLAB's documentation or the notes from class. The submission of codes obtained from online sources is a violation of Loyola's honor code.

## **Exercise 1: Numerical Integration**

In this exercise you will implement and compare the numerical integration techniques we discussed in class. Your function should take as input:

- 1. **f** the integrand
- 2. a,b the lower and upper limits of integration
- 3. n the number of sub-intervals
- 4. method an integer corresponding to the method. Use: 1 Midpoint method, 2-Trapezoidal method, 3 Simpsons method

In other words, your function should have heading:

i.e. it should return the approximate value of  $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$ . In addition, you should also satisfy the following conditions

- 1. Your function should not print out any output.
- 2. The Riemann sums should be implemented in vectorized form.

## Testing

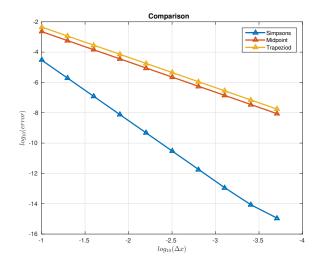
Write a script to compare the performance of the 3 methods in approximating  $\int_{0}^{1} e^{-x^{2}} dx$  by

- 1. Running each method 10 times starting with n = 10 and increasing the number of subintervals by a factor of 2 for each run.
- 2. Save the errors for each method in a vector and calculate the ratio of successive errors for each method. As we noted in class, the error for the Midpoint and Trapezoidal method is of the form

$$E(\Delta x) = C(\Delta x)^2$$

where  $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$ . Therefore if  $\Delta x$  decreases by a factor of 2 the error should decrease by roughly a factor of  $\frac{1}{4}$  therefore you should see that the ratio of successive errors is 4 for the Midpoint and Trapezoidal methods. In the case of Simpsons method the error behaves as  $C(\Delta x)^4$ , therefore the ratio of those errors should be 16.

3. Plot the errors and values of Δx on a log scale as shown on the plot below Save your plot as numerical\_int\_comp.jpg and include your file with your submission. Note: The command set (gca, 'xdir', 'reverse'); will reverse the order of the values along the x-axis.



4. Explain how the plot above confirms that the Midpoint and Trapezoidal methods are second order and Simpsons method is fourth order.

## Exercise 2: Curve fitting and Interpolation

The file monthly\_data.txt (downloaded from NOAA) contains the monthly mean values of  $C0_2$  in parts per million for the last 5 years. Write a script to perform the following:

- 1. Open and read the file
- 2. Download the data into matrices and plot on the same figure the data values as well as a spline interpolant of the data on the points 2013:0.1:2019
- 3. Save your image as monthly\_data.jpg and include this with your submission.
- 4. **Bonus:** It should be clear that the general trend in emissions is upwards. However, in each given year the data exhibits some oscillations. Provide a possible explanations for oscillatory behavior.

# Submission of exercises

Place all your files (m-files, image, movie, summary.txt, diary.txt) in a folder named lastname\_hwN and zip the folder to create a file lastname\_hwN.zip. Email your zip file lastname\_hwN.zip to pchidyagwai@loyola. with subject MA302\_hwN.