

## Math 302: Problem Set 6

Due: November 6, 2009

Email me your m-files and results as attachments in ONE email with each m-file having the format `firstname_lastname_prob.m`. Be sure to comment your code so I can follow it.

- (20 points) Write a function called `midpoint.m` that uses the Midpoint Rule rather than the Left Sum or Right Sum to approximate  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ . The function should ask the user to input a symbolic function  $f$ , the limits of integration  $a$  and  $b$ , and the number of subintervals  $n$ . Your program should check that  $n$  is a natural number and that  $a < b$ . The function should output the approximation of the integral.
- (20 points) Do the same as above, except use the Trapezoid Rule and call the function `trap.m`.
- (20 points) Do the same as above, except use Simpson's Rule and call the function `simpson.m`. In addition, your function should check that  $n$  is even.
- (10 points) Check the above program by testing it on  $f(x) = x^2$  for  $a = 0$ ,  $b = 1$ , and  $n = 2$ . Show your work on paper and evaluate by hand what each approximation should be. Make sure your programs give the same answers.
- (30 points) Try out your programs by approximating the following integrals for the following  $n$ -values. Use a table of integrals or your calculus book to find the exact value of the integral to compare the accuracy, showing your work on paper. All values should have 6 digits of accuracy after the decimal point.

| Function                                | $n$      | Exact | Approximate | Midpoint | Trapezoid | Simpson |
|---|----------|-------|-------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{25+x^2} dx$          | $n = 4$  |       |             |          |           |         |
| $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{25+x^2} dx$          | $n = 10$ |       |             |          |           |         |
| $\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$ | $n = 4$  |       |             |          |           |         |
| $\int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} e^{2x} \sin(3x) dx$ | $n = 10$ |       |             |          |           |         |
| $\int_0^1 \sin^2(\pi x) dx$             | $n = 4$  |       |             |          |           |         |
| $\int_0^1 \sin^2(\pi x) dx$             | $n = 10$ |       |             |          |           |         |

### Submission

- Your three m-files emailed to be (`midpoint.m`, `trap.m`, `simpson.m`)
- Your work and answers to problems 3 and 4 (turned in at the beginning of class)